PRONOUNS **CAN WORK!**



What are **Pronouns?**

Pronouns are words that refer to either the people talking (like you or me) or someone or something that is being talked about (like she, they, and this). Gender pronouns (like he or them) specifically refer to people that you are talking about.

🔶 🖵 🔶

If a person has never had to worry about which pronoun others use for them, gender pronouns might not seem important. For most, their singular and visible gender identity is a privilege. Not everybody has that privilege; those that are referred to with the wrong pronoun can feel disrespected, invalidated, and alienated. You can't assume what someone's gender pronouns are by looking at them. Knowing and using someone's gender pronouns is a positive way to support the people you work with.

In other words...

As a Cisgender (non-transgende person), heteronormative (Straight), binary person (Male of Female), by using the correct pronoun you are acknowledging the privilege you have: • You've never had to worry about which pronoun others

use for you.

- privilege
- alienated.
- work with.

NO! As a matter of fact... of academics, to disappear.

• Your singular and visible gender identity is a privilege • Not everybody has this

 Those that are referred to with the wrong pronoun can feel disrespected, invalidated, and

• Knowing and using someone's gender pronouns is a positive way to support the people you

Is the introduction of a singular nonbinary pronoun THEY the invention of millennial special snowflakes? The singular gender-nonspecific

they has been around since the 13th century, and it was only as recently as the 1850's that it began, at the biding

To understand the importance of pronouns, \checkmark let's go back in time.



The modern feminine "she" appears in the mid-12th century to seemingly, at least in part, fight against ambiguity over gender.



Since forms may exist in speech long before they're written, it's likely that singular they was common even before the late 14th century. That makes an old form even older.



They clearly forgot that you was a plural pronoun that had become singular as well. In the 17th century singular you replaced thou, thee, and thy, except for some dialect use. You had functioned as a polite singular for centuries.

According to the Oxford English Dictionary, by the 12th century masculine and feminine pronouns developed to where they were, "almost or wholly indistinguishable in pronunciation," beginning as "He (Hay), Heo (Hayo)

and Hit (Hit). The H's slowly

grew silent, rendering them

neutrals.

The modern feminine "she"

The Oxford English Dictionary traces singular they to 1375 where it appears in the medieval romance William and the Werewolf. Except for the old-style language, its use of singular they to refer to an unnamed person seems very



Grammarians (mostly men) began warning that singular they was an error because a plural pronoun can't take a singular antecedent

Did you know that vou was a pronoun?

That change had also met with some resistance. In 1660, George Fox, the founder of Quakerism, wrote a book labeling anyone who used singular you an idiot or fool. This is similar to how singular they is ridiculed by some today.

Hopelessly out of date



18th century grammarians like Robert Lowth and Lindley Murray enforced the use of thou as singular and you as plural, even though anyone who said thou and thee was seen as a fool and an idiot. a Quaker, or at least hopelessly out of date.

Were there other gender neutral words that already existed? YES!

Both the Oxford English Dictionary and Joseph Wright's English Dialect Dictionary included the use of "a" for "he", "she", "it", "they" and even "I".

Even those who don't respect other people's pronouns use singular they.

Among today's existing words, the singular they is winning popularity as a gender neutral pronoun. The American Dialect Society named it "Word of the Year" in 2015, even though the word first surfaced as a neutral singular pronoun as far back as the 17th century.

How to avoid being hopelessly out of date

And in 2018, the Diversity Office at the University of Tennessee suggested that teachers ask their students, "What's your pronoun?" since some students might use a recent nonbinary pronoun like zie or something more convential, like

Tennessee, the state that banned the teaching of evolution in 1925, also failed to stop the evolution of English 100 years later, because the fight against singular they was already lost by the time the 18th century critics began objecting to it.

In 1789 William H. Marshall recorded the existence of the singular "ou," as in "Ou (ooh) will." It expressed "He will," "She will" or "It will." There are references to "ou" as an intermediate pronoun as early as 1792, but it didn't widely catch on.

People who want to be inclusive and respectful use the singular pronoun they.

Even people who object to singular they as a grammatical error use it themselves when they're not looking. This is a sure sign that anyone who objects to singular they, if not a fool or an idiot, is at least hopelessly out of date.

2015 Word of the Year Not everyone is down with singular they. The wellrespected Chicago Manual of Style still rejects singular they for formal writing. In 2019, a transgender Florida teacher was removed from their fifth-grade classroom for asking students to refer to them with the genderneutral singular they.

singular they. In response, the Tennessee state legislature passed a law banning the use of taxpayer dollars for genderneutral pronouns, despite the fact that no one knows how much a pronoun actually costs. It's no surprise that

Failed to stop

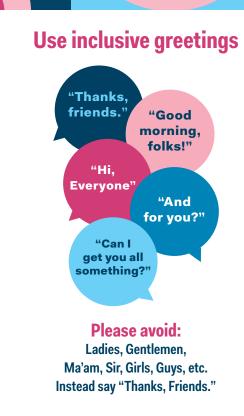
This change is irreversible In The New Fowler's Dictionary of Modern English Usage, Robert Burchfield dismisses objections to singular they as unsupported by the historical record. He observes that the construction is 'passing unnoticed' by speakers of standard English as well as by copy editors. He concludes that this trend is "irreversible".

To avoid being hopelessly out of date

try using pronouns in your daily introductions, and add them to email signatures, business cards, name tags, etc.

PRONOUNS

HELLO MY NAME IS AND I USE **HOW ABOUT YOU?** Acknowledge that evolution is not stopping. Be open to how language is evolving.



Gender Grammar Primer

INCORRECT	CORRECT	REASON
"transgendered" (adjective)	transgender	Only adjectives that an nouns and/or verbs (un end in "-ed".
"transgendered" (verb)	transition	Only verbs can have " onto the end of the wo participle. Transgende One does not "transge transition.
"a transgender", "transgenders"	a transgender person, transgender people	Transgender is not a n transgender" is not on incorrect, it can also b
"sex change", "sex/gender reassignment"	gender confirmation surgery	Surgery does not char gender, only genitalia
"intersexed"	intersex	Only adjectives that an nouns and/or verbs (un in "–ed".

re derived from unlike transgender)

'-ed" added ord to become a der is an adjective. ender", they

noun. "Jo is a nly grammatically pe offensive.

nge one's sex or

are derived from unlike intersex) end



Here's a glimpse of the future:

Ze/Hir Tyler ate **hir** food because **ze** was hungry

Ze pronounced like "zee" and hir as "here"

I know. I know. it's different, it's unfamiliar... and that's ok!

Thank you for going on the pronouns journey with us! This tool was made possible by a grant from the City of West Hollywood.



