

## Why Sustainability?



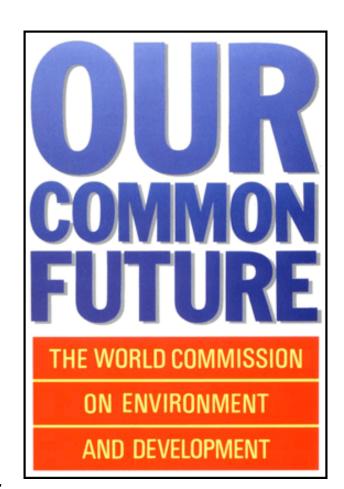
## **Origins of Local Government Sustainability**

Brundtland Commission

Our Common Future 1989:

"...sustainable development is development that <u>meets the needs of the present without compromising the ability of the future to meet its own needs...</u>

Perceived needs are <u>socially and</u> <u>culturally determined</u>, and sustainable development requires the promotion of values that encourage consumption standards that are within the bounds of the <u>ecological possible</u> and to which <u>all</u> can reasonably aspire..."

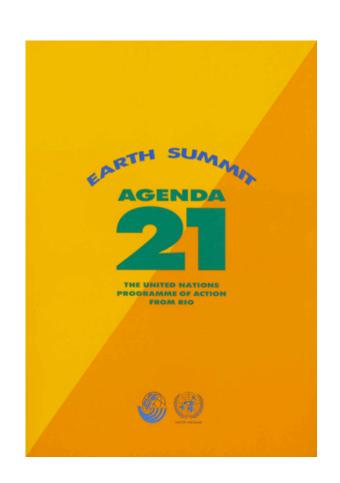


## Origins of Local Government Sustainability

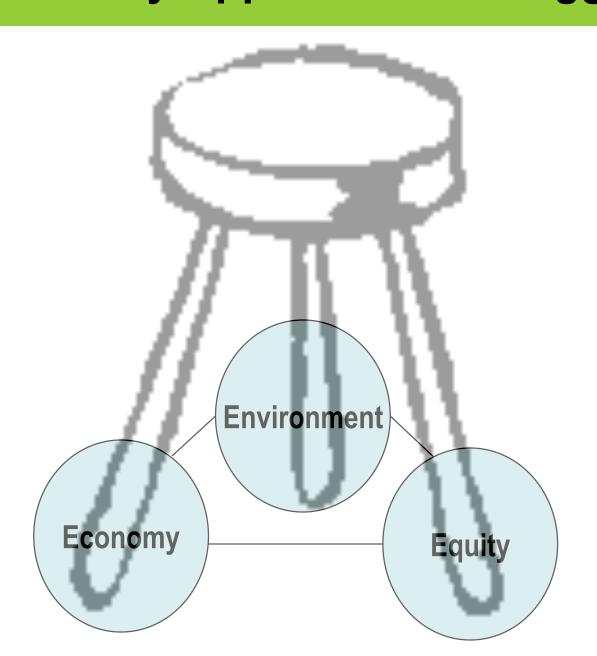
Agenda 21 –

"Each local authority should enter into a dialogue with its citizens, local organizations and private enterprises and adopt a "local" Agenda 21."

"Earth Summit" United Nations Rio De Janeiro (1992)



## Sustainability Applied: Three Legged Stool



## **Models of Sustainability**

## Long-Term Vision

Sustainability is not something to achieve but a longterm goal to strive for.

#### Stable Growth

Ability to provide resources at a rate that allows for a continuous and stable growth - carrying capacity.

## Adaptive Management

Ongoing effort to strike a harmonious relationship between environmental, economic, and social issues. Indicators are typically used to track progress across various subjects.

## **Sustainability Applied**

Local governments, sustainability efforts are typically implemented through a range of policies, programs, and practices, including:

- Solid waste diversion
- ■Storm-water management
- Energy conservation
- ■Water conservation
- •Air quality management
- Green procurement

- **■**Economic development
- Affordable housing
- Toxic exposure reduction
- Access to education
- •Access to culture
- Community engagement

## Sustainability Applied The Natural Step

- Used by municipalities in Sweden, Canada (Whistler), and US (Madison, Eugene) as basis for sustainability plans.
- Based on core principles of science and systems theory.
- Analysis tool for identifying ecological problems and solutions

In a sustainable society, nature is NOT subject to systematically increasing:

and in that society...



(1) concentrations of substances extracted from earth's crust



(2) concentrations of substances produced by society



(3) degradation by physical means



(4) human needs are met worldwide

## Sustainability Applied - Programs

#### City of Berkeley Sustainable Community Inventory:

Challenges and Recommendations for Moving Towards Sustainability



Alameda County Waste Management Authority and Source Reduction and Recycling Board International Council for Local Environmental Initiatives

Fall 2003

#### REPORT CARD



#### RESOURCE CONSERVATION

If the city as a whole is to meet its aggressive Sustainable City Plan targets, residents and businesses will have to prioritize resource use reduction. Current water use is higher than our aggressive target levels and solid waste generation is beyond the Sostainable City Plan ceiling. However, commitment to water and energy conservation has kept at bay expected increases in resource usage associated with Santa Monica's strong economy and growth in construction activity. Energy conservation measures have been successful and solid waste diversion stayed on track at 67%. Green building blossomed this year with the certification of two new LEED buildings. Five additional LEED buildings are either in design or under construction. The city continues to be a national leader in modeling sustainable practices in its municipal operations, purchasing 100% renewable electricity for its operations and pursuing LEED Existing Building certification for City Hall. The grade improvement reflects the community's collective effort toward green design and construction practices and maintaining stable water and energy use.



#### ENVIRONMENTAL & PUBLIC HEALTH

2005 2005

This year saw the completion of the groundbreaking Watershed Management Plan, a comprehensive 20-year approach to improving water quality in the Santa Monica Bay, increasing recreational options and controlling local flooding by significantly enhancing the level of investment in our stormwater infrastructure and our pollution control efforts. The city continued its commitment to protecting the bay and its marine habitat by

moving toward prohibiting the use of foam plastic and ;" ers. Increased demand for treated, non-potable water fix water. Proper hazardous waste disposal by residents at Four thriving farmers' markets, one of which is regular! grown and organic produce. However, the grade for this increased and the city is far from reaching its targets fo





#### TRANSPORTATION

Santa Monica has been a leading advocate for regional will eventually reach Santa Monica, is now under constr Ridership by encouraging ridesharing among larger em Big Blue Bus transit system, which is now almost 50% a remain significant issues in the community and the cur to meet the city's targets. Converting greater numbers of limited success in offsetting the impacts of increased to lots downtown. The grade improvement reflects the city opening of a hydrogen fueling station, and testing of bi-



#### ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT

Santa Monica's economy remains strong and diverse w sectors. To build on this success, the City Council funds Strategy to attract and retain businesses that support e environmental stewardship. However, the rising cost of make it difficult for people to live near their workplace problems. The grade improvement reflects the continue the community and recent efforts to advance sustainab Commerce, the Convention and Visitors Bureau and Supromote sustainable businesses and improve the qualit



#### SUSTAINABLE CITY REPORT CARD

SECOND ANNUAL **SEPTEMBER 22, 2006** 

## Sustainability Applied - Programs

Actions

programs

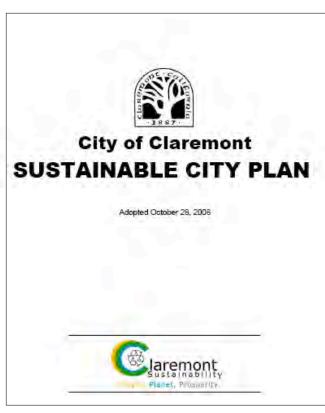
owners

Efficiency retrofits to City facilities

Efficiency education

Incentives to property

Loan programs for efficiency improvements



# Reduce electricity use in all buildings communitywide Percent of electricity used compared to 2003 Baseline Reduce electricity use by 20% by 2015

#### C. Goal Areas

The Claremont Sustainable City Plan is organized around the following seven goal areas:

#### 1. Resource Conservation

- Solid Waste
- Water and Wastewater
- Energy

#### 2. Environmental and Public Health

- Air Quality
- Toxic Materials Reduction and Management
- Organic and Sustainable Foods and Products

#### 3. Transportation

- Non-motorized Transportation: Increased Walking and Bicycling
- Trip Reduction (For Single Occupant Vehicles (SOV's))
- Reduction in Vehicle Miles Traveled
- Cleaner Fuels

#### 4. Sustainable Built Environment

- New Construction (Public and Private)
- Neighborhood Development
- Infrastructure Development
- Existing Development (Retrofitting)

#### Open Space and Land Use (Ecology)

- Natural and Constructed Open Space
- Urban Forest
- Protect and Restore Native Habitats

#### 6. Housing & Economic Sustainability

- Diversity of Jobs, Businesses and Housing Stock
- Meeting State Mandates for Affordable Housing
- Neighborhood Preservation

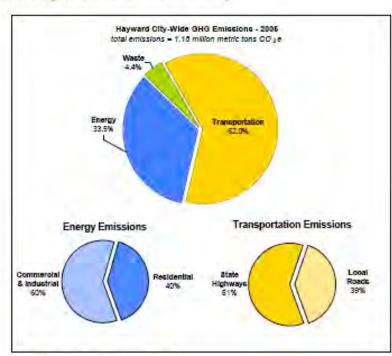
#### 7. Outreach, Education and Implementation

- Understanding of Sustainability for General Public and All Stakeholder Groups
- Implementation of Sustainability Plan
- Tracking Progress Toward Goals

## Sustainability Applied - Climate Action

#### City of Hayward Climate Action Plan

#### Summary of Baseline GHG Inventory



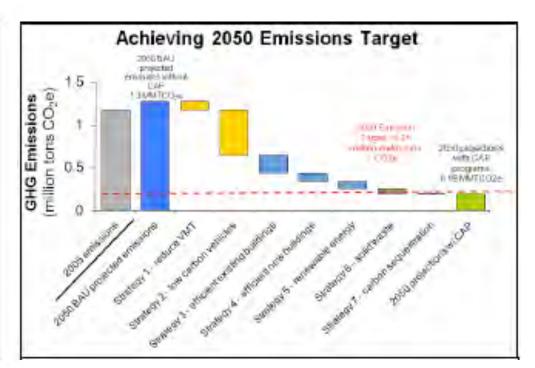


Figure 1: City-wide GHG emissions in 2005 Source ICEE

## Sustainability Applied - General Plans

- Sustainability can be an overarching theme.
- Sustainability can be addressed or noted in each section.
- Sustainability can be addressed in a separate section - usually focused on environmental issues.

- Part of Ballona Creek watershed urban runoff blended with LA, Culver City, Beverly Hills
- High water table
- Ongoing stormwater management (BMP) program
- Reliant on non-city entities for utilities (electricity, water, gas, wastewater treatment)
- No local landfill
- Limited space for composting
- Comprehensive recycling program in compliance
- Most transit provided by non-City entities (Metro, LADOT)
- Comprehensive green building policy and program
- Incentives for solar energy systems
- Low-water landscaping requirements

#### **Environmental Task Force**

- Series of meetings and discussion from December 2007 - October 2008
- Focused on environmental issues energy, water, waste, mobility, open space
- Developed a series of goals and short- and long-term recommendations
- Council directed staff to identify the feasibility of implementing the short-term actions
- Long-term recommendations may be suitable as General Plan polices



#### SUGGESTED SHORT-TERM ACTIONS

ubcommittee	Topic	Action
Energy Use and Efficiency	Energy Efficiency	Hire City Sustainability Coordinator  Develop public energy audit / rating program  Address the City's most intensive power uses  Hold energy efficiency showcases and workshops
	Clean Energy	Centralize PV system information ("One-stop" hub) Incentivize solar power (grants, permit fee waivers, etc.) Lobby for net metering changes
Green Space and Open Space	Green Space	Develop Green Link system     Establish green / open space requirements
	Community Connections	Strengthen "Greening West Hollywood" program     Provide in-person landscaping resources
Transportation and Mobility	Bicycle Infrastructure Pedestrian Access Mass Transit	Create "Bicycle Priority Streets" (limit traffic flow, linked paths, bicycle parking / sharing) Implement weekly pedestrian street Continue lobbying for Metro extension Educate public on, and expand, CityLine services
Waste Reduction & Recycling	Parking Waste Reduction	Maximize parking infrastructure     Mandate business recycling     Enforce polystyrene and plastic bag bans
	Waste Recycling/Reuse	<ul> <li>Tailor education efforts to specific audiences</li> <li>Mandate recycling info. in multifamily buildings</li> <li>Add more recycling bins to community spaces</li> <li>Strengthen composting education and infrastructure</li> </ul>
Water Use and Efficiency	Education / Outreach	Conduct workshops on water use reduction Create "Sustainable Landscape Professional" list Outreach to multifamily building managers / owner Establish efficient landscape demonstration sites
	Enforcement	Create detailed water use enforcement plan

#### SUGGESTED LONG-TERM ACTIONS

Subcommittee	Topic	Action
Energy Use and Efficiency	Community Connections	Achieve renewable and "Fossil Free by '23" goals (e.g., via energy efficiency, PV system promotion, etc.)
Green Space and Open Space	Development Requirements	Implement policies requiring green / open space (e.g., canopy trees, pocket parks, vertical gardens, etc.)
	Community Resources	Continue funding the Green Building Resource Center
		Pursue opportunities for new green / open spaces (e.g., joint-use agreements, leasing, etc.)
Transportation and Mobility	Planning	Implement plans identified to meet long-term transportation needs
	Infrastructure Development	Advance infrastructure for non-motorized and mass-transit options
Waste Reduction & Recycling	Waste Reduction	Become a "Zero Waste City"
Water Use and Efficiency	Regulatory Changes	Mandate minimum water saving techniques

Questions?
Discussion ...